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| **TRƯỜNG THPT HOÀNG VĂN THỤ****BỘ MÔN : TIẾNG ANH** | **ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN THI CUỐI KỲ II –** **KHỐI 11** **NĂM HỌC 2022- 2023** |

**I. MỤC TIÊU**

**1. Kiến thức**. Học sinh ôn tập các kiến thức về: Unit 6,7, 8,9,10.

**2. Kĩ năng**: Học sinh rèn luyện các kĩ năng: Reading, Writing & Language

**II. NỘI DUNG**

1. **Phonetics & Pronuciation (unit 6,7,8,9,10)**

 + Pronunciation

 + Stress

1. **VOCABULARY + READING**

 Topics: + Global warming

 + Further education

 + Our heritages sites

 + Cities of the future

 + Healthy lifestyle and longevity

1. **GRAMMAR**

 + Perfect gerunds and perfect participles

 + The present perfect and the present perfect continuous

 + Participle and to-infinitive clauses

 + Questions tags

 + Conditional sentences type 0

 + Reported speech with conditionals

 + Reported speech with to-infinitives and gerunds

1. **REWRITING**

 + Perfect gerunds and perfect participles

 + The present and the present perfect continuous

 + Reported speech with conditionals

 + Reported speech with to-infinitives and gerunds

**5. Ma trận đề kiểm tra tiếng anh khối 11 giữa kỳ 2 gồm 40 câu ( thời gian 50 phút)**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **STT** | **Lĩnh vực/ Phần** | **Chuyên đề** |  | **Mức độ** |
| **Số câu** | **Nhận Biết** | **Thông Hiểu** | **Vận Dụng** | **Vận Dụng Cao** |
| **1** | **Ngữ âm** | Phát âm | **2** | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Trọng âm | **2** | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| **2** | **Ngữ pháp – Từ vựng** | Ngữ pháp + Từ vựng | **11** | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Cấu tạo từ | **4** | 1 | 1  | 1 | 1 |
| Từ đồng nghĩa | **2** | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Từ trái nghĩa | **2** | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Tìm lỗi sai | **2** | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| **3** | **Chức năng giao tiếp/ Từ - Ngữ thể hiện chức năng giao tiếp** | Chức năng giao tiếp | **1** | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| **4** | **Kỹ năng đọc** | Điền từ vào bài đọc | **5** | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Đọc hiểu | **5** | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| **5** | **Kỹ năng viết** | Câu có nghĩa gần nhất với câu đã cho | **2** | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Nối hai câu thành một câu | **2** | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| **Tổng** | **40** | 10 | 14 | 10 | 6 |

**5. Câu hỏi và bài tập minh họa**

**A. LÝ THUYẾT (from unit 6 to unit 10)**

**I. PHONETICS**

**B. BÀI TẬP**

**1.Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.**

1. A. detect B. decide C. debate D. decade
2. A balanced B. yoga C. fatty D. natural
3. A. vegetable B. hygiene C. sugary D. longevity
4. A. opinion B. optimistic C. operate D. optional
5. A. earthquake B. northern C. thorough D. thoughtful
6. A. exercise B. remedy C. medicine D. obesity
7. A. sugar B. consume C. trans-fat D. obesity
8. A. lets B. pursuits C. sleep D. waterfalls
9. A. equipped B. delivered C. transferred D. received
10. A. planned B. developed C. valued D. recognized

**2.Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from that of the others.**

1. A. healthy B. headache C. diet D. consume
2. А. уоgа B. fatal C. immune D. careful
3. A. unhealthy B. vitamin C. mineral D. natural
4. A. developer B. facility C. relaxation D. technology
5. A. sensor B. predict C. dweller D. function
6. A. prevent B. injure C. sugar D. fitness
7. A. approach B. attract C. decent D. install
8. A. project B. support C. secure D. believe
9. A. profit B. proceed C. promote D. profound
10. A. intact B. nightlife C. relic D. complex

**3.Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

1. The roads are terrible. I'm always getting \_\_\_\_ in traffic.

A. stuck B. lost C. exhausted D. late

1. The \_\_\_\_ is where you'll find all the large department stores and banks.

A. city heart B. town hall C . city centre D. business district

1. Exhaust \_\_\_\_ from cars are responsible for much of the air pollution in cities.

A. fumes B. smokes C. gases D . smog

1. Many factories still allow \_\_\_\_, such as toxic waste, to flow into our rivers

A. pollution B. litters C. garbage D. pollutants

1. The greenhouse \_\_\_\_ takes place when certain gases in the atmosphere trap sun's heat.

A emission B. gas C. effect D. affect

1. Pollution and heavy traffic are common problems in \_\_\_\_ cities.

A cosmopolitan B. modern C. metropolitan D. overcrowded

1. You have to be highly \_\_\_\_ to do well in these subjects.

A. competitive B. competitor C. competition D. competed

1. I can't cope well \_\_\_\_ all the homework I've got to do!

A. on B. of C. about D. with

1. This kind of fruit helps to \_\_\_\_ the immune system.

A. decrease B. reduce C. boost D. maintain

1. If you take this medicine, you will \_\_\_\_ quickly.

A. recover B. get on C. get up D. get in

**4.Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

1. Most of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long was demolished in the early 20th century.

A. rebuilt B. pulled down C. put up D. pulled up

1. Taj Mahal is a giant mausoleum of white marble in Arga, India. It is considered to be an outstanding work of art.

A. noticeable B. attractive C. brilliant D. significant

1. If we have solar panels on our roofs, we'll be able to generate our own electricity.

A. afford B. produce C. manufacture D. light

1. Many city dwellers, especially those in developing countries, still live in poverty.

A. people B. migrants C. immigrants D. residents

1. I believe the government will use advanced technology to build faster trains and make people's life more comfortable.

A. modern B. expensive C. public D. latest

1. Children often get vaccinated in order to be immune to fatal diseases.

A. susceptible B. vulnerable C. allowed D. resistant

1. There are several ways to exercise and stay healthy.

A. apply B. exploit C. keep fit D. operate

1. In order to stay healthy, make sure you have a balanced intake of vitamins and minerals.

A. take-off B. take-away C. consumption D. digestion

1. A popular way to relieve stress in today's busy lifestyles is practising meditation.

A. reduce B. relax C. repeat D. require

1. Having healthy skin is especially essential to women to maintain their beauty.

A. trivial B. meaningless C. vital D. contributory

**5. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

1. I have just received my first job offer after having been unemployed for two years.

A. got B. gained C. rejected D. acquired

1. When you walk, don't look at your feet. This will slow you down and cause back pain.

A. result in B. result from C. lead to D. activate

1. The major stone sections of the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty remain intact thanks to the unique construction techniques.

A. special B. common C. excellent D. ancient

1. Though built almost five hundred years ago, the church remained practically intact.

A. in perfection B. in ruins C. in chaos D. in completion

1. Tourists can do and see a lot in Ha Long Bay at a reasonable price.

A. inexpensive B. affordable C. cheap D. exorbitant

1. If I take the pessimistic viewpoint, Tokyo won't be a safe place to live in.

A. negative B. optimistic C. optical D. neutral

1. To reduce carbon emissions into the atmosphere, ways to limit the use of private cars must be found.

A. public B. personal C. common D. shared

1. People who live in towns and cities live in an urban environment.

A. remote B. deserted C. suburban D. rural

**6. Choose the best answer to complete the sentences:**

1. I would rather \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Elvis than The Beatles

A. listen B. to listen C. listening D. be listened

1. Carl \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ staying one more night in the village.

A. agrees B. hopes C. plans D. suggests

1. Jean should seriously consider \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an actress. She is a very talented performer.

A. to become B. become C. becoming D. will become

1. Peter said that he saw Mary \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that beautiful vase

A. breaks B. breaking C. break D. broke

1. The police \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ them get out of the car.

A. made B. caused C. asked D. ordered

1. The magazine \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you lent me is interesting.

A. what B. which C. whom D. whose

1. The man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is resting is very tired.

A. what B. which C. whom D. who

1. The people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ courage you praised are now citizens.

A. whose B. which C. whom D. that

1. I talked to a woman \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ car had broken down on the way to the party.

A. which B. who C. whose D. whom

1. Were the Wright brothers the ones \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_built the first aeroplane?

A. which B. whom C. whose D. that

1. He spoke to the messengers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you were leaving with.

A. which B. whom C. whose D. that

1. Ansel Adams was a landscape photographer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ photographs of the western United States show nature on a grand scale.

 A. whose B. of whom C. of his D. his

1. Summer is the time of the year \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the weather is the hottest.

A. when B. which C. that D. B & C

1. Alaska, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my brother lives, is the largest state in the United States.

A. which B. where C. who D. All are correct

1. Tell me the reason \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you were absent yesterday.

A. where B. when C. why D. that

1. I have a message for people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the traffic chaos.

A. to delay B. who delay C. delayed D. who delaying

1. Melanie was the only person \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a letter of thanks.

A. wrote B. written C. to write D. writing

1. The pilot was the only man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after the crash.

A. was rescued B. rescued C. rescuing D. to be rescued

1. The woman \_\_\_\_\_\_\_next door is a famous singer.

A. lives B. who live C. living D. that living

1. The house \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the storm has now been rebuilt.

 A. destroyed B. destroying C. which destroyed D. that is destroyed

1. The man \_\_\_\_\_\_ at the blackboard is our teacher.

A. stood B. stands C. standing D. to stand

1. Tom was the last \_\_\_\_\_\_the classroom yesterday.

A. to leave B. leaving C. left D. leaves

1. Linda was the last student \_\_\_\_\_\_ at the oral exam.

 A. to be asked B. asking C. asks D. to ask

1. The bridge \_\_\_\_\_ by French architects is very nice.

 A. was designed B. designing C. to design D. designed

1. The people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the bus in the rain are getting well

A. waiting B. to wait C. waited D. wait

1. It is automobile industry \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ contributes the most greenhouse gas emissions into the atmosphere.

A. where B. in which C. that D. whom

1. It was the dog\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the boy hit in the garden.

 A. which B. that C. who D. whom

1. My brother sent me a birthday card.

A. It was I who was sent a birthday card.

B. It was me who was sent a birthday card by my brother

C. It was me whom my brother sent a birthday card

D. Both B and C are correct.

1. Hung bought Lan a golden ring on her birthday.

A. It was a golden ring that was bought for Lan on her birthday by Hung.

B. It was a golden ring that was bought Lan on her birthday by Hung

C. It was a golden ring that was bought for Lan on her birthday.

D. It was a golden ring that Hung bought Lan on her birthday.

1. If it\_\_\_\_\_ convenient, let's go out for a drink tonight.

A. be B. is C. was D. were

1. If you\_\_\_\_\_ time, please write to me.

A. have B. had C. have had D. has

1. If I find it, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you.

 A. will tell B. would tell C. had told D. told

1. I shouldn't go there at night if I\_\_\_\_\_ you.

A. am B. was C. be D. were

1. What would you do if you\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a million dollars?

 A. would win B. win C. had won D. won

1. If you inherited a million pounds, what\_\_\_\_\_\_ with the money?

 A. do you do B. will you do C. would you do D. are you going to do

1. If I found a wallet in the street, I\_\_\_\_\_ take it to police.

A. will B. should C. would D. shall

1. If \_\_\_\_\_ as I told her, she would have succeeded.

A. she has done B. she had done C. she does D. she did

1. If I had known you were in hospital, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ to see you.

A. will go B. would go C. went D. would have gone

1. If I\_\_\_\_\_\_, I would have said hello.

A. had seen B. saw C. see D. would see

1. Charlie said, "Margaret has had a baby".

A. Charlie said Margaret has had a baby. B. Charlie said Margaret had had a baby.

C. Charlie said Margaret had a baby. D. Charlie said Margaret has a baby.

1. Charlie said, "I don’t know what Fred is doing".

A. He said that he doesn’t know what Fred is doing. B. He said that he didn’t know what Fred is doing.

C. He said that he doesn’t know what Fred was doing. D. He said that he didn’t know what Fred was doing.

1. Charlie said, "I hardly ever go out these days".

A. He said that he hardly ever went out these days. B. He said that I hardly ever go out these days.

C. He said that I hardly ever went out these days. D. He said that he hardly ever goes out these days.

1. “If they had had enough money, they would have bought the book last night,” she said.

A. She said that if they had had enough money, they would have bought the book last night.

B. She said that if she had had enough money, she would have bought the book last night.

C. She said that if she had had enough money, she would have bought the book the previous night.

D. She said that if they had had enough money, they would have bought the book the previous night.

1. The film is good, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. is it B. are they C. isn’t it D. aren’t they

1. The ticket to London doesn’t cost a lot, \_\_\_\_\_\_?
A. do they B. does it C. is it D. isn’t it
2. You have got a new car, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. do you B. don't you C. aren't you D. haven't you

1. They used to work as astronauts, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. don't they B. weren't they C. did they D. didn't they

1. These books aren't yours, \_\_\_\_?

A. are these B. aren't these C. are they D. aren’t they

1. He seldom goes to the library, \_\_\_\_\_\_?
A. doesn’t he B. is he C. does he D. isn’t he
2. I’m a bit late, \_\_\_\_\_\_?
A. am not I B. aren’t you C. are you D. aren’t I
3. Let's begin the meeting,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. don't we B. do us C. won't we D. shall we

1. Help me with housework, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. don't you B. do you C. will you D. won't you

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this movie last week, I still wanted to see it again.

A. Having seen B. had seen C. was seen D. seeing

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the bottles, Mike poured the drinks for everyone.

A. To open B. To have opened C. Being opened d. Having opened

**8. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in the each of following questions.**

1. Lived here for seven years, my friend volunteers to act as tour guide for us all on our city break.

 A B C D

1. Amy seems like a bright student. She's always the first to be finished her work.

 A B C D

1. We decided not to travel, having hear the terrible weather forecast.

 A B C D

1. The book publishing last week is her first novel about a World Heritage Site in Viet Nam.

 A B C D

1. I don't want a brother or sister, unless it will happens, of course.

 A B C D

1. None of your friends really enjoyed themselves at the party, didn’t they?

 A B C D

1. If you borrow my coat, don't get it dirty, can you?

 A B C D

1. People who eat lots of red meat are at risk of develop heart diseases.

 A B C D

1. Your body may not be able to fight~~s~~ infections naturally if your immune system is weakened.

 A B C D

1. I told him that if I drank coffee before bedtime, I can't sleep.

 A B C D

**9. Put the verbs in the brackets into their correct forms**

1. This is the first time I (be) …………………………………………… to Paris.
2. By the time I got to the party, most people ……………………… (go) home.
3. We (not see) …………………………………………… him recently.
4. This summer, I (take) …………………………………………… a course in English.
5. She always (forget) …………………………………………… to water the flowers.
6. This tooth (kill) …………………… me lately! So I (make) …………………… an appointment with the dentist for Tuesday.
7. When she is tired, she enjoys (watch )……………………………… TV. It’s relaxing.
8. Johnson doesn't let anybody (smoke) …………………………………………… in his office.
9. Please stop ……………………… (interrupt) when I'm explaining something to you.
10. He spent all morning yesterday (sit) ……………………… in that café reading magazine.

**10. Combine the two sentences into one, using either an –ing or –ed participle.**

1. The girl is sitting by Jack. She is Mary.

→………………………………………………………………………

1. He didn’t receive the letter. I sent him the letter last January. →…………………………………………………………………………
2. Jack London is a famous American writer. He wrote “Iron heel”.

→…………………………………………………………………………….…………

1. Our teacher assigned us the homework. We had to finish it within a week.

→…………………………………………………………………………….

1. Ngoc has just moved to a new school. It was built two years ago.

→…………………………………………………………………………….…

1. The man is selling lottery tickets. He used to be very rich.

→…………………………………………………………………………….

1. Hai’s friend is a very interesting boy. He came from Da Nang..

→……………………………………………………………………………

1. Mekong Delta is located in the South of Viet Nam. It provides most of the rice for exporting.

→…………………………………………………………………………….…

**11.** **Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.**

A. Volunteering can be the experience of a lifetime and for some people it is a life changing experience. Volunteer Bolivia is the international vol­unteer organization that combines a volunteer service learning experi­ence with a program for an unforgettable intercultural experience. They offer an affordable way for you to experience a foreign country while lending a hand. Their variety of community volunteer positions provide you with the opportunity to make new friends, define a new career, de­velop new skills, and share your skills with others. Short term volunteers are a **crucial** part of their program allowing you to fulfill the needs of a variety of children's centers scattered around the region. These centers provide services for children. Long term volunteers, are those who stay with them more than five months, speak intermediate Spanish and are specialized volunteers who have an expertise that matches their Bolivian colleagues needs. Many long term volunteers contribute in a collaboratively designed: volunteer position such as helping in the office, translating, and working with the Bolivian staff. If you have a specialized skill, they can place you in your profession. Long term volunteers have also contributed as healthcare workers, physical therapists, graphic designers, by teach­ing advanced computer skills or in project development.

1. According to the writer, volunteer work is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. a combination B. an experience C. an organization D. a lifetime

2. If you take part in Volunteer Bolivia, you have a chance \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. to work in a foreign country B. to lose you career

C. to work in your hometown D. to change experience

3. According to the passage,

A. there is only one kind of volunteers

B. there are two kinds of volunteers: long term volunteers and short term volunteers

C. volunteers are not allowed to make friends

d. if you are a short term volunteer you will work with patients

4. The word **crucial** in line 6 means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. necessary B. not easy C. very difficult D. important

5. Long term volunteers work as

A. designers B. professors C. healthcare workers D. teachers of English

**12. Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word or phrase.**

A. The program is set up in Cokato, which is (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in eastern India on the east bank of the River Hooghly. The city has a population of almost 5 million, the fourth (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in India. Volunteers will need to take a taxi from the airport at their own expense. You will be met by a member of their (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and taken to the guest house. Volunteers are accommodated in shared rooms and will need to use public transport to get to the various placement sites. (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a volunteer in India you must be at least 18 years of age - the upper age limit is 60 and in good health, must be a native speaker of English or can speak English (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, must be enthusiastic and have cultural sensitivity and respect.

1. A. located B. laid C. lain D. put
2. A. large B. larger C. largest D. the largest
3. A. organize B. organization C. cognizable D. organizational
4. A. To B. With C. As D. For
5. A. quickly B. carefully C. hardly D. fluently

**SAMPLE TEST**

**I. Circle the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.**

1. A. sugar B. consume C. trans-fat D. obesity
2. A. lets B. pursuits C. sleep D. waterfalls

**II. Circle the word which has different stress from the others.**

1. A. healthy B. headache C. diet D. consume
2. А. уоgа B. fatal C. immune D. careful

**III.** **Circle the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence or substitute for the underlined part.**

5. Bill’s wife doesn’t let him \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to the party.

A. go B. to go C. to have gone D. went

6. If I\_\_\_\_\_\_, I would have said hello.

A. had seen B. saw C. see D. would see

7.Squeezing pimples can lead to \_\_\_\_, redness, and infection.

A. falling B. declining C. shrinking D. Swelling

8.The roads are terrible. I'm always getting \_\_\_\_ in traffic.

A. stuck B. lost C. exhausted D. late

9.In order to \_\_\_\_ sunburn, many people wear protecting clothes when they go out.

A. continue B. encourage C. facilitate D. avoid

10.No one is indifferent to praise, \_\_\_\_\_\_?
A. is one B. isn’t one C. is he D. are they

11.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all the papers already, Sarah put them back in the file.

A. To have photocopied B. To photocopy C. Photocopying D. Having photocopied

12.George mentioned \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in an accident as a child, but he never told us the details.

A. having injured B. having been injured C. to have injured D. to have been injured

13.Martin denied \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the accused man on the day of the crime.

A. to see B. of having seen C. to have seen D. having seen

***IV. Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

14.Most of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long was demolished in the early 20th century.

A. rebuilt B. pulled down C. put up D. pulled up

15.Taj Mahal is a giant mausoleum of white marble in Arga, India. It is considered to be an outstanding work of art.

A. noticeable B. attractive C. brilliant D. significant

***V. Choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

16.My family totally supported me during my fight against obesity.

A. aided B. discouraged C. assisted D. promoted

17.Most of the students in our country are interested in pursuing higher education to get bachelor's degrees.

A. following B. giving up C. trying D. interrupting

**VI. Reading**

**Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.**

If you are invited to someone's house for dinner in the United States, you should (18) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a gift, such as a bunch of flowers or a box of chocolates. If you give your host a wrapped gift, he/she may open it in front of you. Opening a present in front of the gift-giver is considered (19) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It shows that the host is excited about receiving the gift and wants to show his/her appreciation to you immediately. (20) \_\_\_\_\_ the host doesn't like it, he/she will tell a "white lie" and say how much they like the gift to prevent the guest from feeling bad. If your host asks you to arrive at a particular time, you should not arrive (21) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on time or earlier than the expected time, because this is considered to be potentially inconvenient and rude, as the host may not be (22) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

18. A. take B. give C. bring D. make

19. A. rude B. polite C. unpolite D. funny

20. A. Since B. Only if C. Even if D. Whether

21. A. gradually B. exactly C. perfectly D. recently

22. A. willing B. ready C. welcome D. waiting

**Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word or phrase.**

Air pollution happens when wastes are poured into the atmosphere and the air becomes **contaminated** and unpleasant to breathe. There are many causes that lead to air pollution. The most serious cause is the development of industry. Smoke, chemicals, and wastes from factories which consist of Sulphur and nitrogen oxides are dangerous for our health. Burning coal and oil release other gases that are harmful to human. Vehicles, especially cars, help to make our material life more comfortable and convenient; however, they also account for air pollution in the cities.

People all know that they are breathing polluted air but it is difficult for them to choose, fresh air or comfortable material life.

23. The word **contaminated** means \_\_\_\_\_\_

A. fresh B. polluted C. harmful D. dangerous

24. According to the writer, \_\_\_\_\_\_

A. only cars that cause air pollution B. only waste from factories that causes air pollution

C. only burning coal that causes air pollution D. there are many causes that lead to air pollution

25. Which sentence is NOT true?

A. We will stop using cars. B. Cars help to make our material life comfortable.

C. Polluted air is unpleasant to breathe. D. Burning coal does harm to us.

26. The most serious cause that leads to air pollution is \_\_\_\_\_\_

A. vehicles B. industrial development C. gas D. Household garbage

27. Cars \_\_\_\_\_\_

A. have no relation to air pollution B. make our life more convenient

C. do not account for air pollution D. release no harmful smoke

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in the each of following questions.**

28. Lived here for seven years, my friend volunteers to act as tour guide for us all on our city break.

 A B C D

29. my daughter seems like a bright student. She's always the first to be finished her work.

 A B C D

30.We decided not to travel, having hear the terrible weather forecast.

 A B C D

**VI. Give the correct forms of the words**

31.Tony was accused of (damage) …………………… my new laptop.

32.It was a nice day, so we decided (go ) …………………………………………… for a picnic.

33.They jog every morning (lose – to lose) …… weight and (have ) …………… a good health.

34.He admitted…………… (enter) the house but refused …… (steal) the money.

35.I don't really fancy ……………… (spend) my whole holiday with your cousins.

**VIII. Rewrite the sentence with the same meaning**.

**Combine the two sentences into one, using either an –ing or –ed participle.**

36. The girl is sitting by Jack. She is Mary.

→………………………………………………………………………

37. He didn’t receive the letter. I sent him the letter last January. →…………………………………………………………………………

38. Jack London is a famous American writer. He wrote “Iron heel”.

→…………………………………………………………………………….…………

Change these sentences into indirect speech

39. Charlie said, "Margaret has had a baby".

Charlie said ………………………………………………………………….

40. Charlie said, "I don’t know what Fred is doing".

A. He said that ……………………………………………………………………………………………….